

Notice of References Cited	Application/Control No. 10/672,524		Applicant(s)/Patent Under Reexamination NGUYEN ET AL.	
	Examiner Juan A. Torres		Art Unit 2611	Page 1 of 1

U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS

*		Document Number Country Code-Number-Kind Code	Date MM-YYYY	Name	Classification
*	A	US-5,263,048 A	11-1993	Wade, Bobby R.	375/148
*	B	US-5,410,750 A	04-1995	Cantwell et al.	455/306
*	C	US-5,612,978 A	03-1997	Blanchard et al.	375/350
*	D	US-2002/0142725 A1	10-2002	Clelland et al.	455/63
*	E	US-6,477,196 B1	11-2002	Swanke et al.	375/147
*	F	US-6,975,673 B1	12-2005	Rouquette, Robert E.	375/149
	G	US-			
	H	US-			
	I	US-			
	J	US-			
	K	US-			
	L	US-			
	M	US-			

FOREIGN PATENT DOCUMENTS

*		Document Number Country Code-Number-Kind Code	Date MM-YYYY	Country	Name	Classification
	N					
	O					
	P					
	Q					
	R					
	S					
	T					

NON-PATENT DOCUMENTS

*		Include as applicable: Author, Title Date, Publisher, Edition or Volume, Pertinent Pages)				
	U	Howard, "Narrowband interference rejection using small FFT block sizes Military Communications Conference, 1992. MILCOM '92, Conference Record. "Communications - Fusing Command, Control and Intelligence", IEEE 11-14 Oct. 1992 Page(s): 608 - 612 vol.2.				
	V	Davidovici, "Narrow-band interference rejection using real-time Fourier transforms", IEEE Transactions on Communications, Volume 37, Issue 7, July 1989 Page(s): 713 - 722.				
	W	Gevargiz, "Adaptive narrow-band interference rejection in a DS spread-spectrum intercept receiver using transform domain signal processing techniques", IEEE Transactions on Communications, Volume 37, Issue 12, Dec. 1989 Page(s): 1359 - 1366□□				
	X	DiPietro, "An FFT based technique for suppressing narrow-band interference in PN spread spectrum communications systems", 1989 International Conference on Acoustics, Speech, and Signal Processing, 1989. ICASSP-89., 23-26 May 1989 Page(s):1360 - 1363 vol.2.				

*A copy of this reference is not being furnished with this Office action. (See MPEP § 707.05(a).)
Dates in MM-YYYY format are publication dates. Classifications may be US or foreign.